The Red Imported Fire Ant vs The Green Roof

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Headquarters Friendswood, Texas 11,000 sq ft Green Roof





Background and history

- Design/build approach
- Six intensive green roofs constructed
- Roughly 1.76 acres (.71 hectare)
- Anticipated Energy Star and LEED certification
- So far three Platinum, one Silver, one Gold (pending) certifications
- Goals
 - Minimum 50% less energy usage
 - Unique identity within the community
 - Control long term costs
 - Radically lessen impacts by and to water



2000 West Parkwood Friendswood, Texas





251/253 Medical Center Blvd. Webster, Texas



48,000 sq ft Green Roofs



253 Medical Center Blvd

Image # 90408 6017 Date 04.08.09



12900 Gulf Freeway Houston, Texas





700 Medical Center Blvd. Webster, Texas







- Intensive Green Roof
- 4" FE 158 Industrial Closed Cell Foam Roofing
- 40 Mil Reinforced Poly with Geotextile Fabric –
 This Product Only Has Two Seams
- Enka Retain and Drain
- Plants
- A Whole Bunch of Labor



4" FE 158 Industrial Closed Cell Foam Roofing





Green Medical Offices

Negative # 61120 497 Date 11.20.06



Enka Retain and Drain and 40 mil Poly







Green Medical Offices

Negative # 61221 507 Date 12.21.06









9" engineered soil



Soil/growth media

- Typical soil mixture
- Expanded shale
- Leaf mold compost
- Enriched loam
- Microlife
- Eco-min
- ⊙ Depth averages 9" ranges 8" to 12"
- Saturated weight = 30 pounds





Finished Green Roof





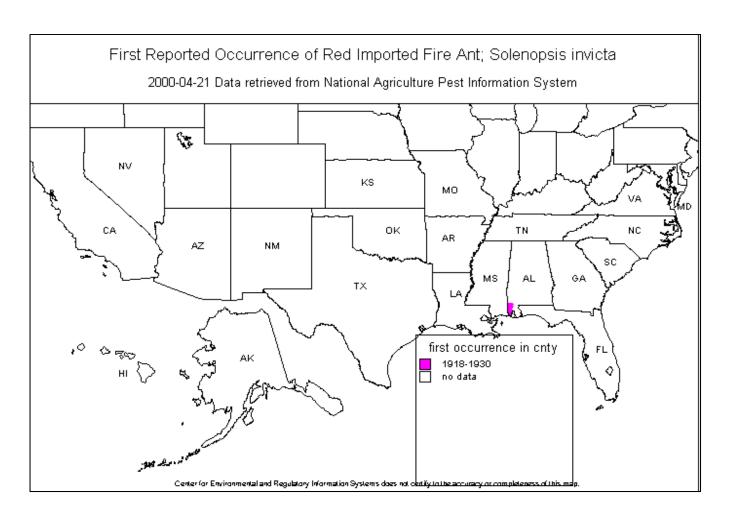
The Red Imported Fire Ant





U.S. Arrival & Range Expansion

http://cars.er.usgs.gov





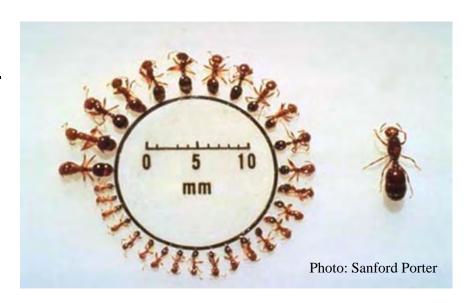
Red Imported Fire Ant Facts

TEXAS A&M GRILIFE EXTENSION

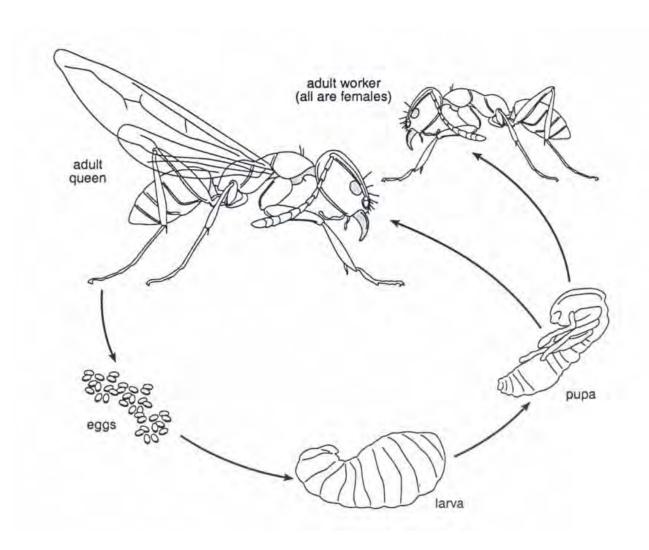
Solenopsis invicta

Introduction and Spread

- 1) Fire Ants came to US in 1930's, identified in Texas in 1950's
- 2) An average "Texas" colony has > 100,000 workers
- 3) An average "Texas" colony has multiple queens
- 4) A queen can live 2-5 years
- 5) Can lay up to 1000 eggs per day
- 6) From egg to adult in about 3 weeks.
- 7) Live 6-18 weeks
- 8) Oldest workers are foragers
- 9) Polymorphic
- 10) Loves subtropical environment
- 11) Nuptial flights, migration, transport
- 12) Inflicts nasty sting



Ant Life Cycle





Fire Ants on a Green Roof?













Fire ant management





Materials and Methods Data

- The green roof was assessed May 3, 2011 and 9 subsequent dates for the presence fire ant.
- Foraging ant activity was checked using individual hot dog slice food lures (0.25 inch thick hot dog slices, Bar-S Jumbo Franks) placed in a grid across the green roof.
- 23 lures were used on 5/3/2011, while 34 lures were used on subsequent assessment dates.
- Food lures were checked after 60 minutes and total ants present on the lures were recorded



Materials and Methods

Roof treatment

- Bait stations were used so as not to directly apply a pesticide to the green roof growing media.
 - All irrigation water applied to the roof is recycled and reapplied on site through a rainwater catchment system.
 - The selection of bait stations was to reduce the chance of pesticide movement from the target site.
 - Additionally, irrigation water is applied several times per day as an energy saving passive cooling method. The frequent irrigation may have disrupted the integrity of a "unprotected" bait product.
- DuPont[™] (now Syngenta) Advion[®] ant bait arenas (30 arenas, 0.1% indoxacarb) were positioned in a grid pattern within the confines of the green roof.



Materials and Methods

Treatment specifics

- The roof was ~ 10,000 sq. ft., the total active ingredient (0.21 oz) contained within the 30 bait arena's was approximately equal to the active ingredient in a 1.5 pound (0.25 oz) product per acre broadcast application of the Advion® fire ant bait (0.045% indoxacarb).
- Assessments of fire ant activity on the green roof indicated the continued presence of a population of fire ants. So a fall broadcast application of the Advion® fire ant bait (1.5 - 2 pounds product/acre) was applied to the grounds around the Jacob White Headquarters.



Materials and Methods

Grounds treatment

- Total mound counts were taken on September 22, 2011
 before fire ant bait applications and on 4 subsequent dates.
- To determine if a mound was active, visible fire ant mounds were checked using the minimal disturbance method, i.e., mounds were probed with a shovel and if no fire ants appeared after 15 seconds, the mound was considered inactive.
- The fire ant bait product was evenly spread with Scotts® HandyGreen® II Hand-Held Spreader set on smallest opening. In addition to the broadcast application on October 21, 2011, Advion® fire ant bait (0.5 oz/mound) was uniformly distributing around the active mounds with active brood (4 weeks later).

Materials and Methods Statistics

- A T-test statistical analysis was used to compare the mean numbers of worker ants observed at lures before and after the arena bait station treatment.
- The mean and 95% Confidence Intervals (CI) for each sampling was estimated and displayed on a time series graph. No overlap among 95% CI indicates significant differences, and overlap indicates no significant differences.
- Enabling the comparison of post-treatment dates to pretreatment numbers which in this case are consider a Control



Representative food lure with foraging fire ants as found on green roof during fire ant activity assessments and example of DuPont™ Advion® ant bait arenas placement atop green roof. Galveston County, 2011







Bait Stations









Approximate locations of 34 food lures for the assessment of red imported fire ant foraging on green roof, Galveston, Co. 2011.





Approximate locations of 30 DuPont™ Advion® ant bait arenas on green roof, Galveston County,

2011.





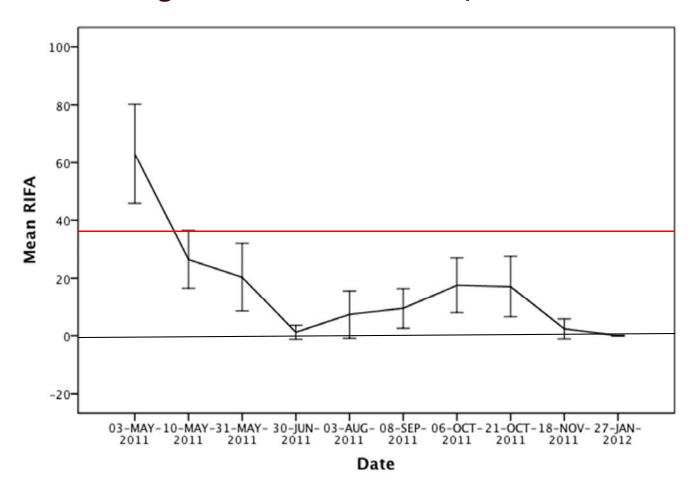
Grounds around Jacob White
Construction Headquarters
where the broadcast application
of the DuPont™ Advion® fire ant
bait was applied, Galveston, Co.

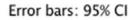
2011.





Average number of fire ants per lure







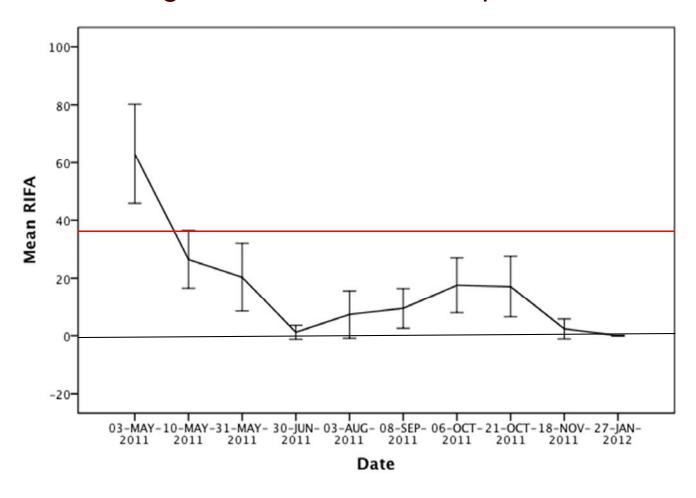
Fire ant management

- Lure (34) dates / fire ant counts
 - 5/3/2011
 - Roof
 - only 23 lures
 - 5/10/2011
 - Roof
 - 5/31/2011
 - Roof
 - -6/30/2011
 - Roof
 - 9/8/2011
 - Roof
 - -9/22/2011
 - 60 mounds on ground (visual count)
 - 10/6/2011
 - -10/22/2011

- Advion applications dates
 - -5/3/2011
 - 30 stations roof
 - 5/31/2011
 - 12 stations roof
 - 6/30/2011
 - 2 stations roof
 - -9/8/2011
 - 13 stations roof
 - 9/22/2011
 - 1.5 lbs product per acre applied to ground
 - -10/21/2011
 - 30 stations roof
 - Spot treat with bait 20 fire ant mounds on ground



Average number of fire ants per lure



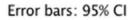
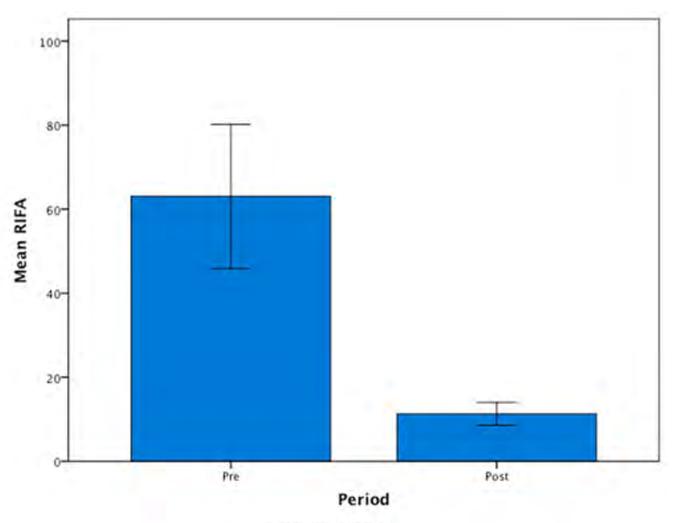


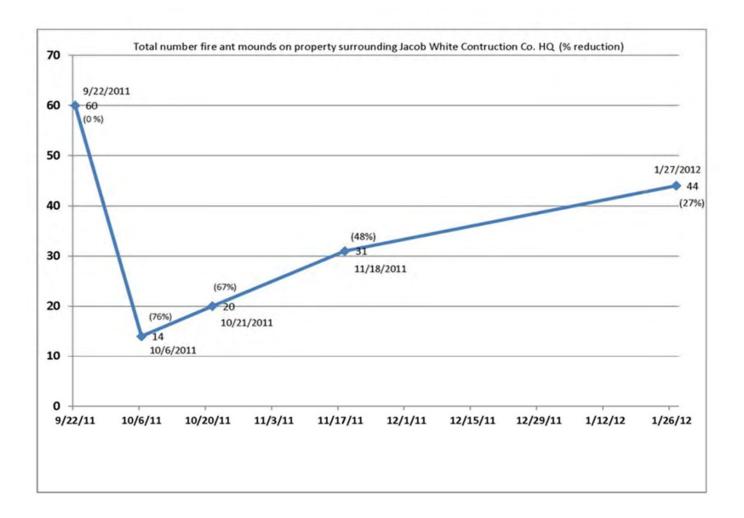


Figure 8: Analysis of mean number of red imported fire ants (RIFA) on food lures over nine assessment periods (May 10, 2011 – January 27, 2012), Galveston County, 2011. No overlap among 95% CI indicates significant differences, and overlap indicates no significant differences



Error bars: 95% CI







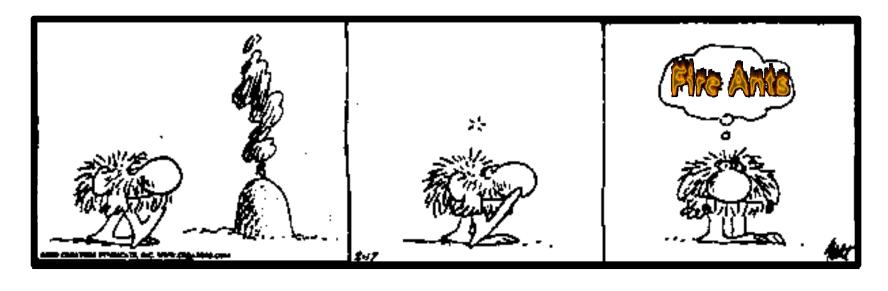
Fire Ants on Green Roof







Questions ????



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http://fireant.tamu.edu

http://www.extension.org/fire_ants

http://doctorfireant.blogspot.com

